

THE DAILY EMPIRE.

INDIAN SUMMER.

Clothed in royal robes the woodland,
Scarlet-blossomed, and gold, and green;
Green and golden carpet cover
All the brown earth thickly over—
Furthest that were ever seen.

And the Autumn's mystic meaning
As a sweet, prophetic dreaming,
With fond fancies leaping,
Weaves around its magic spell
As the fall sun, low and leery,
And its dim, soft, and heavy,
And its gentle, soothing murmur
Many a tale of woe and bliss.

For a witchery is ringing
Over forest, field and hill,
And a music-drenched chorus,
Breaking in a thousand echoes,
Bears its music burden still.

Daily with disheveled tresses,
Now the wind wild gently presses
On a fever-burned brow,
And with soothing, sweet-expresses,
Whispers lovingly and low.

Oh the world is full of beauty,
In these dreamy days I sing,
All enshrouded in tender sadness,
Sweetest from the summer's gladness,
Sweetest from the fall and bloom
Of the beautiful bright spring.

The Transcript of the Sentence of Death Pronounced against Jesus Christ.

[From the Hartford Times.]

By request we publish the following account from a foreign paper, together with the prefatory remarks of one of our American exchanges—merely premising that the idea conveyed in the said introductory comment, that the account is now probably first made public, is an error. We published the same thing some twenty years ago in the *Times*. There seems to be no reason to doubt its authenticity.

The following is a copy of the most memorable judicial sentence which has ever been pronounced in the annals of the world—namely, that of death against the Saviour, with the remarks which the journal *Le Droit* has collected, and the knowledge of which must be interesting in the highest degree to every Christian. Until now we are not aware that it has ever been made public in the German papers. It is worth for word as follows.

Sentence pronounced by Pontius Pilate, intendant of the Province of Lower Galilee, that Jesus of Nazareth shall suffer death by the cross.

In the seventeenth year of the reign of the Emperor Tiberius, and on the 25th day of the month of March, in the most holy city of Jerusalem, during the pontificate of Annas and Caiaphas.

Pontius Pilate, intendant of the province of Lower Galilee, sitting in judgment in the Presidential seat of the praetor, sentences Jesus of Nazareth to death on a cross, between two robbers, as the numerous and notorious testimonies of the people prove:

1. Jesus is a misleader.
2. He has excited the people to sedition.
3. He is an enemy to the laws.
4. He calls himself the Son of God.
5. He calls himself falsely the King of Israel.
6. He went into the Temple, followed by a multitude carrying palms in their hands.

Orders the centurians, Quirinius Cornelius, to bring him in the place of execution.

Forbids all persons, rich or poor, to prevent the execution of Jesus.

The witnesses who have signed the execution against Jesus are—

1. Daniel Robani, Pharisee.
2. John Zorababel.
3. Raphael Robani.
4. Capet.

Jesus to be taken out of Jerusalem through the gate of Tournes.

This sentence is engraved on a plate of brass, in the Hebrew language, and on its sides are the following words: "A similar plate has been sent to each tribe." It was discovered in the year 1380, in the city of Aquila, in the Kingdom of Naples, by a search made for the discovery of the Roman antiquities, and remained there until it was found by the commissaries of art in the French army of Italy. Up to the time of the campaign in Southern Italy, it was preserved in the sacristy of the Carthusians, near Naples, where it was kept in a box of ebony. Since then, the relic has been kept in the chapel of Naples, by the Carthusians obtained by their petitions that the plate might be kept by them, which was an acknowledgment of the sacrifices which they made for the French army. The French translation was made literally by members of the commission of arts. Herod had a *fiduciale* of the plate engraved which was bought by Lord Howard, on the sale of the cabinet for 2,300 francs. There seems to be no historical doubts as to the authenticity of this. The reasons of the sentence correspond exactly with those of the Gospel.—Translated from the *Kölnische Zeitung*.

The Sequel.

Our readers have all heard the story of soaping the clergyman's tin horn at a camp meeting, so that when he went to call the congregation together he blew the "soft soap" over his brother clergymen, and how he exclaimed:

"Brethren, I have served the Lord thirty years, and in this time never uttered a profane word, but I'll be damned if I can't whip the man that soaped that horn."

Our readers, we say, have all heard this, but have, perhaps, never heard the sequel as given by a gentleman present.

Some two days after, a tall, swarthy, villainous-looking desperado strolled on the ground and leaned against a tree, listening to an eloquent exhortation to repent which was being made by the preacher. After a while he became interested, finally affected, and then taking a position on the anxious seat, commenced growling in "the very bitterness" of his sorrow. The clergymen walked down and attempted to console him. No consolation—he was too great a sinner, he said. No, he was too wicked—there was no mercy for him.

"Why, what crime have you committed?" said the preacher, "have you stolen?"

"Oh, worse than that."

"What have you by violence robbed female innocence of its virtue?"

"Worse than that!—Oh, worse than that!"

"Murder?" gasped the horrified minister.

"Worse than that," groaned the smitten sinner.

The excited minister commenced "peeling off his outer garments."

"Here, Brother Cole," he shouted, "hold my coat. I've found the fellow that soaped my horn."

Unfinished counterfeit fifty-cent notes, to the amount of \$80,000, with a quantity of counterfeit tools, have been discovered in Philadelphia. About \$90,000 had been put in circulation. The alleged head of the concern, a man named Chas. J. Roberts, has been arrested at Brooklyn, and committed to jail.

Rather Rough Honeymoon.

On last Friday morning an athletic young farmer, in the town of Waynesburg, took a fair girl, "all bathed in blushes," from her parents, and started for the first town across the Pennsylvania line, to be married, where the ceremony could be performed without a license. The happy pair were accompanied by a sister of the girl, a tall, gaunt, sharp-featured female of some thirty-seven summers. The pair crossed the line, were married, and returned to Wellsburg to pass the night. People at the hotel where the wedding party stopped, observed that they conducted themselves in a rather singular manner. The husband would take his sister-in-law, the tall female aforesaid, into one corner of the parlor, and talk earnestly to her, gesticulating wildly all the time. Then the tall female would "put her foot down" and talk to him in an angry and excited manner. Then the husband would take his fair young bride into a corner; but he would no sooner commence talking to her than the gaunt sister would rush in between them and angrily join in the conversation. The people at the hotel ascertained what this meant about nine o'clock that evening. There was an uproar in the room which had been assigned to the newly married couple. Female shrieks and masculine "swears" startled the people in the hotel, and they rushed to the spot. The gaunt female was pressing against the door of the room; and the newly married man, mostly undressed, was barring her out with all his might. Occasionally she would kick the door far enough open to disclose the stalwart husband, in his gentlemanly Greek Slave apparel. It appears that the tall female insisted upon occupying the same bed with the newly wedded pair; that her sister was favorably disposed to the arrangement, and that the husband had agreed to it before the wedding took place, and now indignantly repudiated the contract. "Won't you go away now, Susan?" said the newly married man, soothing his voice.

"No," said she, "I won't—no there!" "Don't you budge an inch!" cried the married sister, within the room.

"Now," said the young man to his wife, in a piteous tone, "don't go to cuttin' up in this way; now don't."

"I'll cut up as much as I want!" she sharply replied.

"Well," roared the desperate man, throwing the door wide open and stalking out among the crowd, "jest you two winners put on your duds and go right straight home and bring back the old man and woman, and your grandfathers, who is nigh on to a hundred; bring 'em all here, and I'll marry the whole caboodle of 'em, and we'll all sleep together!"

The difficulty was finally adjusted by the tall female taking a room. Wellsburg is enjoying itself over the sensation.—*Cleveland Plaindealer*.

It is said a bill will pass Congress providing that the heirs of soldiers who died in rebel prisons shall collect from Government the commutation of their rations while imprisoned.

The revenue inspector at Philadelphia, providing that the heirs of soldiers who died in rebel prisons shall collect from Government the commutation of their rations while imprisoned.

They are discussing a stringent liquor law in the Indiana Legislature, which requires a majority of all the inhabitants, male and female, over fourteen years of age, in any ward or township, to sign the petition of application for license.

Shirts and Gents' Furnishing.

SHIRT MANUFACTORY—

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING STORE.

RALPH C. McCRACKEN,

NO. 9 WEST FOURTH ST.,

South side, between Main and Walnut, opposite the

sleeping with gold hands.

CINCINNATI, O.

CITIZENS AND STRANGERS

DESIRING OF PROCURING SUPERIOR

SHIRTS,

COLLARS,

CRAVATS,

GLOVES,

Hankerchiefs,

Hosiery,

Ties, etc.,

ARE INVITED TO CALL AS ABOVE.

REMEMBER

No. 9, WEST FOURTH STREET,

Sign of the Marble Shirt on Sidewalk.

Shirts Made to Order by Measurement

—AND—

WARRANTED TO FIT.

PAPAR PATTERNS

NEATLY CUT.

—AND—

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS

—AND—

OUR MOTTO.

—AND—

PROPRIETOR

—AND—

NEW YORK LAUNDRY.

—AND—

RUBENS WINE OF SUPERIOR QUALITY

will be constantly on hand for medicinal and domestic purposes, by H. Jerome, opposite City Hotel. Also Wine Plants for sale by Septimus W. J. SHELTON.

Railroads.

Monday Morning, Sept. 4, 1865.

THE ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

WILL commence running three Through Trains between Cincinnati and the

EASTERN CITIES,

Passing through the celebrated

Oil Regions of Pennsylvania.

Leave Dayton 8:30 a. m. Arrive at 4:00 p. m.

" " 11:00 a. m. " " 8:00 a. m.

The Engines, Cars, and other equipments of this Line, are entirely new, of the most modern, substantial and approved descriptions, unequalled by any Railway on this Continent.

THROUGH TICKETS via this new and important route, can be procured at the principal Ticket Office in this country.

Baggage checked through.

D. McLAUREN, Gen'l Superintendent.

E. F. FULLER, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

DAYTON, XENIA AND COLUMBUS RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

THREE DAILY TRAINS EAST, VIA COLUMBUS.

Through Trains from Dayton to all Eastern Cities.

THREE DAILY TRAINS EAST, leaving Dayton, for the East as follows: Mail, 7:35 A. M. Columbus Accommodation, 11:00 A. M. Night Express, 8:30 P. M.

ARRIVING AT DAYTON.—Night Express, 4:45 P. M. Columbus Accommodation, 9:35 A. M. Dayton Express, 7:15 A. M.

Trains run by Columbus time, which is seven minutes faster than Dayton time.

Through tickets can be had for all Eastern Cities by calling on Samuel W. King, Ticket Agent.

S. W. KING, Ticket Agent.

Cincinnati, Ohio.

DAYTON AND UNION RAILROAD.

NOTICE.

On and after MONDAY November 6, 1865, until further notice, trains will run on this road as follows:

Accommodation, (P. & M.) leave Dayton 8:00 a. m. Indianapolis Express Train, " 1:10 p. m.

Returning, arrive at Dayton,

Accommodation, (P. & M.) " 5:10 p. m. Express, " 9:45 a. m.

nov 18 S. H. STIMPSON, Superintendent.

Wholesale Clothing.

CLOTHING.

FINKE, BEBE & CO.,

31 MAIN STREET

Dayton, Ohio,

ARE NOW OFFERING

AT WHOLESALE

A LARGE STOCK OF

Clothing Cloths,

Cassimeres, Vestings,

Traveling Shirts,

Under Shirts, Drawers,

Knit Jackets,

Men's Suspenders,

Boys' do.

Linens and Paper Collars,

&c., &c. &c.

To all of which we would Respectfully

CALL THE ATTENTION OF

MERCHANTS.

When Visiting this Market.

FINKE, BEBE & CO.,

91 Main Street, between Third and Fourth,

separately DAYTON, OHIO.

Medical.

CINCINNATI VENERAL HOSPITAL

Established in the year 1850,

FOR THE CURE OF PRIVATE DISEASES.

And under the control of two of the most Eminent Physicians in the World.

Dr. R. B. BONAPARTE, F.R.S. LONDON AND Paris Hospitals, and for the last ten years of the Cincinnati Veneral Hospital, and Dr. E. H. Reynolds, late of New York. This is the only office in the city where a permanent cure of Private Diseases can be obtained, without the use of mercury or change of diet. Guaranties cured in six to forty-two hours. Discontinued in three to ten days; strictures cured in one to three weeks; Nocturnal Emission stopped in two to six days; Venereal Weakness cured in two to eight weeks; Syphilis in its primary stages cured in three days; Secondary symptoms in one to three weeks; Nerve Diseases cured in one to three weeks; Impotency rigor restored in one to four weeks. All diseases of a private nature treated with unparelleled success, male or female.

Dr. Bonaparte's great work on private diseases, the Private Guide to Health, is bound in all male and female, old and young, should read this work. It will enlighten those who grope in darkness. Price twenty-five cents, sent by mail.

Dr. Bonaparte's French Patent Male and Female Pills, are the only safe and sure preventive against disease. Price of the French Patent Male and Female Pills, one, \$4 per half dozen, \$7 per dozen, sent by mail.

Dr. Mademoiselle LOZIER's Female Monthly Pills is a safe and reliable remedy for suppression and all female diseases. Ladies should not use these drugs, as they will produce miscarriage. Price \$1 per box—sent by mail to any address.

Dr. H. & A. are the only ones to consult; they are unquestionably acknowledged to be the champions and kings of venereal diseases, and the only doctors who receive monthly reports from the old world; the origin of the venereal disease, which afflict mankind, and to watch the progress through a long career of professional study. In every sphere of life, from the humblest shade of poverty to the mansion of the wealthy, and having ascertained beyond a doubt the vast suffering of humanity, they determined to select the most effective system as their particular study, and to devote their whole attention to the alleviation of the disease of this important function. No letters will be answered unless they contain a remittance of a postage stamp. Call for address.

Dr. BONAPARTE & REYNOLDS,

No. 125 Broadway street, between Fifth and Sixth, East side, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Clothing.

GIVE HIM A CHANCE.

THE EAGLE CLOTHING STORE,

HENRY SWARTZ,

SUCCESSOR TO

SWARTZ & ROSIN,

108

MAIN STREET,

DAYTON, OHIO.

ADJOINING EMPIRE OFFICE

HAVING HAD THE EXPERIENCE IN LEARN-

ing the exact wants of this community in clothing, and having met with a success while here, I have therefore located myself permanently in Dayton, and mean to establish a trade which will warrant further success, and satisfaction to my customers. I respectfully call the attention of my patrons and all who may desire to buy their winter clothing, to my present stock; being satisfied that goods would advance that fall at least thirty per cent, purchased and offered to be made up any entire stock of Winter Clothing earlier than usual, when prices were raised low, and am therefore enabled to offer inducements to all those who may favor me with an early call. My stock of clothing comprises the following articles, viz:

LONG FROCK RIDING COATS.

BLACK & BLUE SACK COATS,

FROCK GASTOR BEAVER

COATS,

SACK AND FROCK PILOT

OVERCOATS,

CHINCHILLA FROCK

OVERCOATS,

BUSINESS MATCH SUITS

OF ALL QUALITIES, STYLES AND COLORS.

FINE BLACK

DRESS COATS

PANTS,

SILK, PLUSH, & VELVET VESTS,

TOGETHER WITH A DESIRABLE STOCK OF

YOUTH'S and CHILDREN'S

Overcoats & Suits.

THEIR STOCK OF

TRAVELING SHIRTS,

NECKTIES,

COLLARS,

TRUNKS,

HATS, and

VALISES is complete.

I again thank my patrons for past favors, and do promise and warrant to give full satisfaction to all those who may give me a chance that winter, at No. 108 Main street, first door North of the Empire Office.

MAKE NO MISTAKE IN THE PLACE

108 MAIN STREET,

DAYTON, OHIO.

HENRY SCHWARZ,

CLOTHIER

108 MAIN STREET,

DAYTON, OHIO.

Agent for Dayton and vicinity.

Life Insurance.

ETNA Life Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

EVERY MAN

Should Insure His Life.

THE ETNA GRANTS POLICIES FOR LIFE,

for a term of years, Endowment policies and children's Endowment.

—A L S O—

NON-FORFEITING POLICIES,

—ON—

Which no Payment is Required

AFTER TEN YEARS.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

PAID ON TWO LOSSES IN

THIS CITY WITHIN THE

PAST SIX MONTHS.

Among all the contrivances of men to protect the family circle from want, none can be found more simple in its character, noble in its features, or certain in its results, than Life Insurance. It is the prop which the aging husband leans to.

SUPPORT

THE

WIFE OF HIS BOSOM.

It is the unseen hand of the provident father, reaching forth from the grave, and still nourishing his offspring, and keeping together the family. By it, the faithful

SON PROTECTS HIS AGED PARENTS

Even where he has preceded them into eternity, by the honest dealer settles his outstanding creditor, when this seemed least propitious. In a moral and worldly sense, it is one great weapon by which to rob death of his sting.

Let any husband, father, son, ask himself,

"If I was to Die To-Night, Would those who are dear to me be safe from the Pangs of Want?"

Would these children have a comfortable home, and the means of education? Would this wife be independent of the cold charities of the world? Would this aged and feeble parent be provided for? Would any one pay my debts? Would there be no sacrifice of property by forced sales of an administrator to meet the demands of creditors—sales made when the market tends downward, and fair prices cannot be realized? How few can answer these questions to their satisfaction? They fear to ask them, and cherish the belief that they have long leave on life. This is both foolish and cowardly.

THE BRAVE MAN LOOKS

THE

DANGER IN THE FACE.

—IT IS—

LIFE INSURANCE!

Just starting in business, whose chief capital is their energy and activity, should insure their lives to the amount of half their liabilities. Such an act of interested honesty when known to their creditors, would justify increase their confidence in them.

IT WOULD SHOW.

That they did not wish to leave their best friends exposed to any avoidable contingency; and the

ANNUAL PREMIUM

Might fairly be regarded as the tribute which an upright heart pays at the altar of justice.

JOHN H. HUFFELMAN,

Agent for Dayton and vicinity.

Medical.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.

GREENBACKS ARE GOOD.

BUT